



JOEDA1BB-D8P/S Series

Rev.A.1.0

DESCRIPTION:

The products are gate driver opto-couplers in a plastic DIP8 package with different lead forming options. The device consists of an infrared LED optically coupled to an integrated high-gain, high-speed photodetector IC chip. It provides guaranteed performance and specifications at temperature up to 110°C. It is physically smaller and compliant with international safety standards for reinforced insulation. It thus provides a smaller footprint solution for applications that require safety standard certification. An internal noise shield provides a guaranteed common-mode transient immunity of $\pm 35 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$. It is ideal for small class IGBT and power MOSFET gate drive. The products are widely used in industrial inverters, IGBT gate drivers, MOSFET gate drivers, induction cooktop and home appliances.



MAIN FEATURES

- 1A maximum peak output current
- High isolation 5000 VRMS
- Buffer logic type
- Operating temperature range -40°C to 110°C
- REACH & RoHS compliance
- HBM: H3A; MM: M4; CDM: C3
- CQC approved
- VDE approved
- UL approved

Truth Table

LED	V _{CC} -V _{EE} (Positive Going)	V _{CC} -V _{EE} (Negative Going)	Output
OFF	0-30V	0-30V	Low
ON	0-6.9V	0-5.9V	Low
ON	6.9V-8.7V	5.9V-7.5V	TRANSITION
ON	8.7V-30V	7.5V-30V	HIGH

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Temperature=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Value	Unit
LED	Forward Current	I_F	50	mA
	Peak Forward Current	I_{FP}	1 ^①	A
	Reverse Voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power Dissipation	P_D	100	mW
Detector	Output Voltage	V_O	35	V
	Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	35	V
	Power Dissipation	P_C	400	mW
Isolation Voltage		V_{iso}	5000 ^②	Vrms
Operating Temperature		T_{opr}	-40~110	°C
Junction Temperature		T_j	125	°C
Storage Temperature		T_{stg}	-55~125	°C
Total Power Dissipation		P_{tot}	500	mW
Soldering Temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

NOTE1 : 100μs pulse, 100Hz frequency

NOTE2 : AC for 1minute, R.H.=40~60%

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Temperature=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input	Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F=10mA$	-	1.35	1.6	V
	Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R=6V$	-	-	1	μA
	Terminal Capacitance	C_t	$V=0, f=1MHz$	-	60	-	pF
Output	Peak High-level Output Current	I_{OPH}	$V_O=V_{CC}-1.5V$	-0.3	-	-	A
			$V_O=V_{CC}-3V$	-0.8	-	-	A
	Peak Low-level Output Current	I_{OPL}	$V_O=V_{EE}+1.5V$	0.3	-	-	A
			$V_O=V_{EE}+3V$	0.8	-	-	A
	High Level Supply Current	I_{CCH}	$I_F=10mA$ $V_{CC}=30V,$ $V_O=Open,$	-	1.2	2	mA
	Low Level Supply Current	I_{CCL}	$I_F=0mA,$ $V_{CC}=30V,$ $V_O=Open,$	-	1.1	2	mA
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	$I_O=-100mA$	$V_{CC}-0.6$	$V_{CC}-0.2$	-	V	

	Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_o=100mA$	-	0.075	0.2	V
	Threshold Input Current	I_{FLH}	$V_o>5V$	-	1.2	5	mA
	Threshold Input Voltage	V_{FHL}	$V_o<5V$	0.8	-	-	V
	Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-	10	-	30	V
	UVLO Threshold	VUVLO+	$V_o>2.5V,$ $I_F=5mA$	7.5	8.7	9.5	V
VUVLO-		$V_o<2.5V,$ $I_F=5mA$	7.5	8.4	9.5	V	

SWITCHING SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Propagation Delay Time to High Output Level	$t_{PLH}^{①}$	$R_g=47\Omega,$ $C_g=3nF,$ $I_F=0\rightarrow 5mA,$ $V_{CC}=30V$	30	-	500	ns
Propagation Delay Time to Low Output Level	$t_{PHL}^{①}$	$R_g=47\Omega,$ $C_g=3nF,$ $I_F=5\rightarrow 0mA,$ $V_{CC}=30V$	30	-	500	
Propagation Delay Difference Between Any Two Parts	$t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}^{①}$	$R_g=47\Omega,$ $C_g=3nF,$ $I_F=0\leftarrow\rightarrow 5mA,$ $V_{CC}=30V$	-	-	350	
Output Rise Time (10 to 90%)	$t_r^{①}$	$R_g=47\Omega,$ $C_g=3nF,$ $I_F=0\rightarrow 5mA,$ $V_{CC}=30V$	-	50	-	
Output Fall Time (90 to 10%)	$t_f^{①}$	$R_g=47\Omega,$ $C_g=3nF,$ $I_F=5\rightarrow 0mA,$ $V_{CC}=30V$	-	50	-	
Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output	$ CM_H ^{②}$	$I_F=5mA$ $V_{CC}=30V,$ $T_a=25^\circ C,$ $V_o(\min)=26V$ $V_{CM}=1000Vpp$	± 35	-	-	kV/ μs
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output	$ CM_L ^{③}$	$I_F=0mA$ $V_{CC}=30V,$ $T_a=25^\circ C,$ $V_o(\max)=1V$ $V_{CM}=1000Vpp$	± 35	-	-	kV/ μs

All Typical values at $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note1: Input signal ($f=25\text{kHz}$, $\text{duty}=50\%$, $t_r=t_f=5\text{ns}$ or less). C_L is less than 15 pF which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

Note2: CM_H is the maximum rate of fall of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic high state ($V_O > 2.6\text{V}$).

Note3: CML is the maximum rate of rise of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic low state ($V_O < 1\text{V}$).

Recommended Operating Conditions^{①②}

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input On-state Current	$I_{F(ON)}^{\textcircled{3}}$	6.5	-	10	mA
Input Off-state Voltage	$V_{F(OFF)}$	0	-	0.8	V
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}^{\textcircled{4}}$	10	-	30	V
Operating Frequency	$f^{\textcircled{5}}$	-	-	25	kHz

Note1: The recommended operating conditions are given as a design guide necessary to obtain the intended performance of the device. Each parameter is an independent value. When creating a system design using this device, the electrical characteristics specified in this datasheet should also be considered.

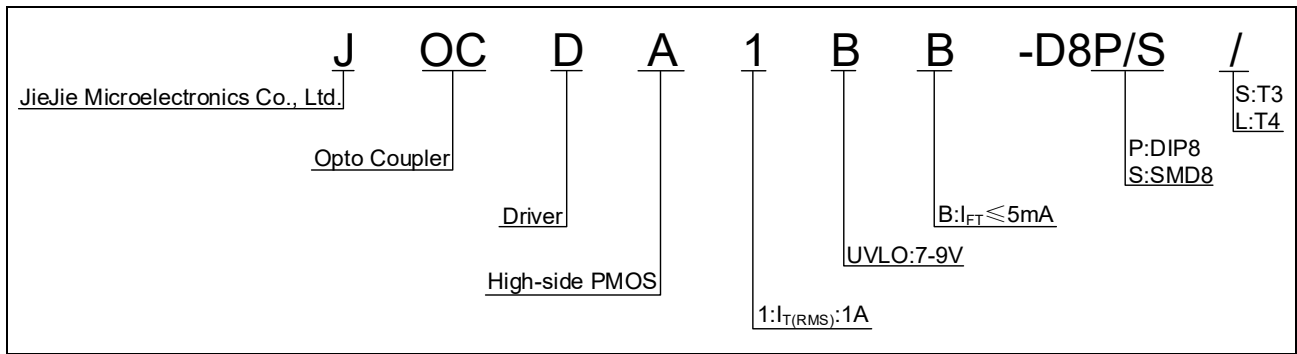
Note2: A ceramic capacitor(0.1 μF) should be connected between pin 6 (V_{CC}) and pin 4 (GND) to stabilize the operation of a high-gain linear amplifier. Otherwise, this photocoupler may not switch properly. The bypass capacitor should be placed within 1 cm of each pin.

Note3: The rise and fall times of the input on-current should be less than 0.5 μs .

Note4: If the rising slope of the supply voltage (V_{CC}) for the detector is steep, stable operation of the internal circuits cannot be guaranteed. Be sure to set 3 V/ μs or less for a rising slope of the V_{CC} .

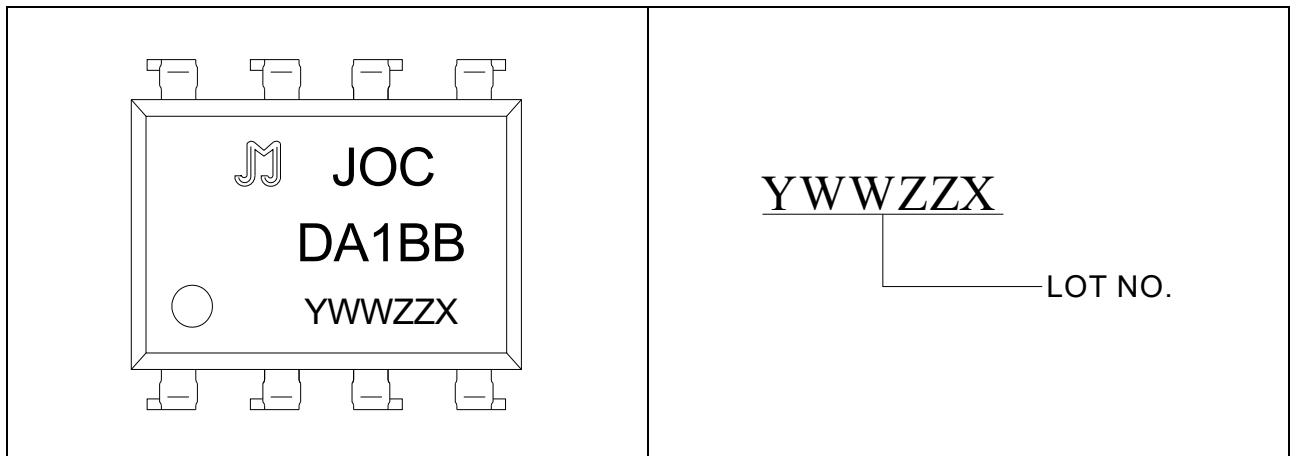
Note5: Denotes the operating range, not the recommended operating condition.

ORDERING INFORMATION



Packing Quantity	
Option	Quantity
DIP	50 Units/Tube
SMD	1200 Units/Reel

MARKING



Characteristics Curves

FIG.1: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

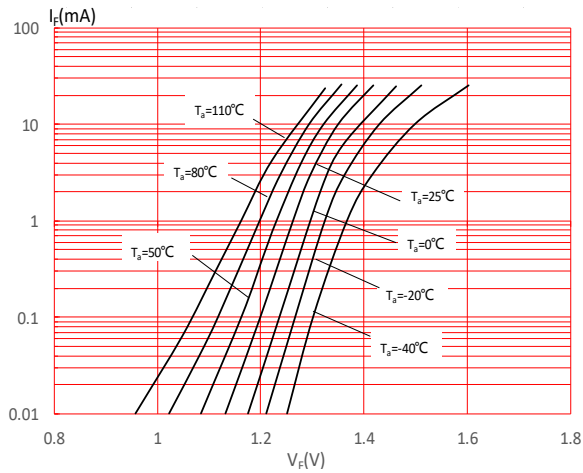


FIG.2: Max. Allowable LED Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

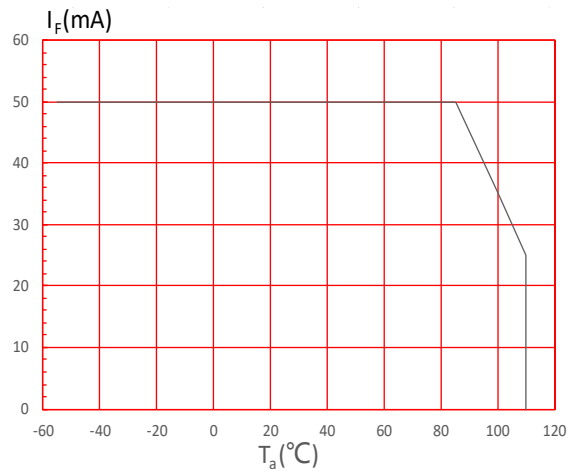


FIG.3: Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

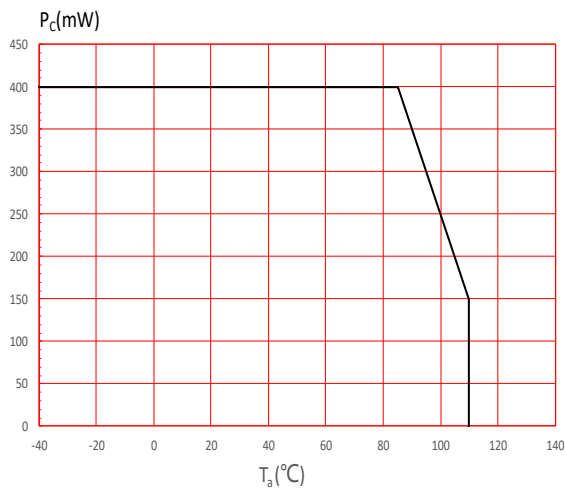


FIG.4: Threshold Input Current vs. Ambient Temperature

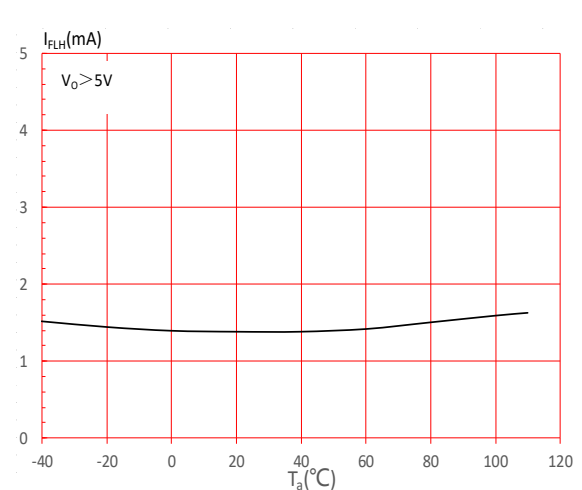


FIG.5: Low-level Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

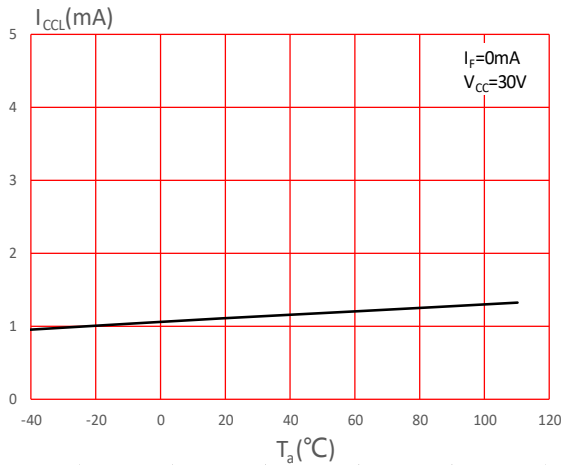


FIG.6: High-level Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

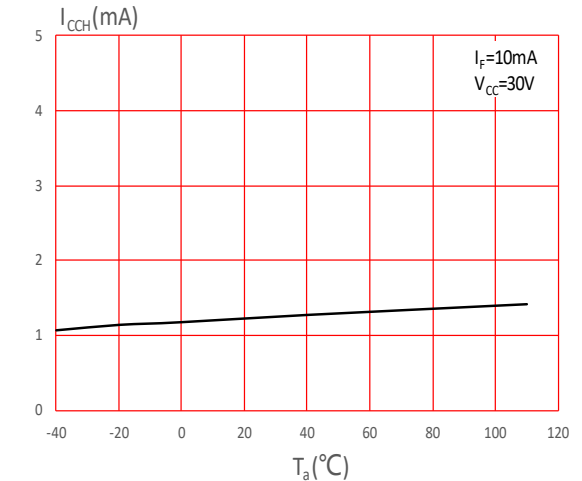


FIG.7: Low-level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

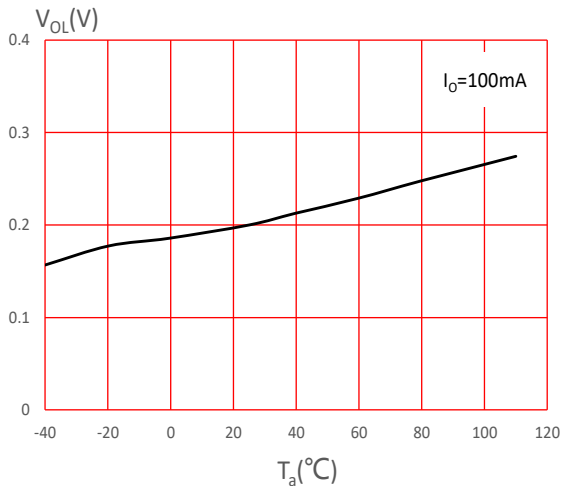


FIG.8: High-level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

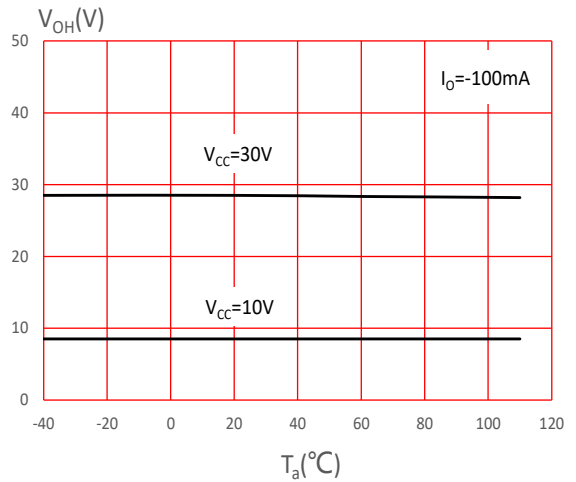


FIG.9: Low-level Output Voltage vs. Peak Low-level Output Current

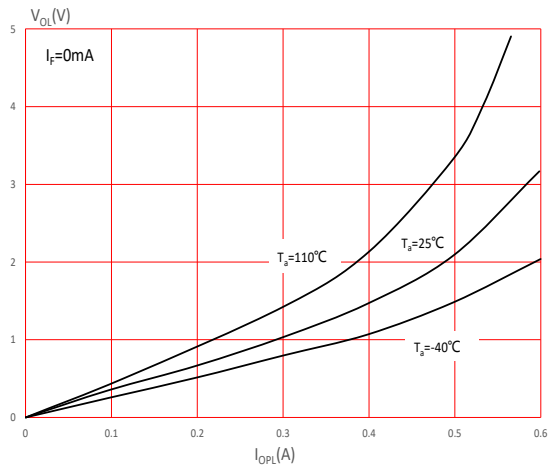


FIG.10: High-level Output Voltage Drop vs. Peak High-level Output Current

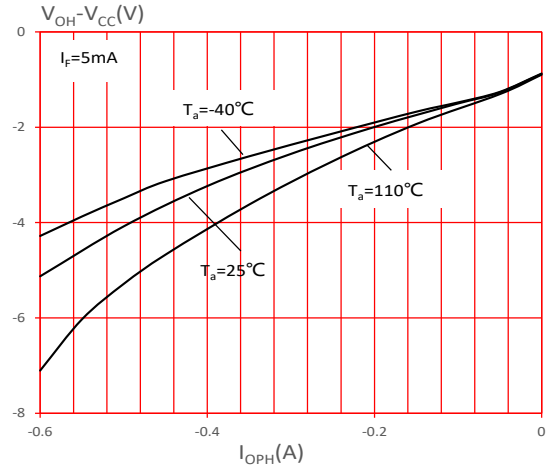


FIG.11: Propagation Delay Time, Pulse Width Distortion vs. Ambient Temperature

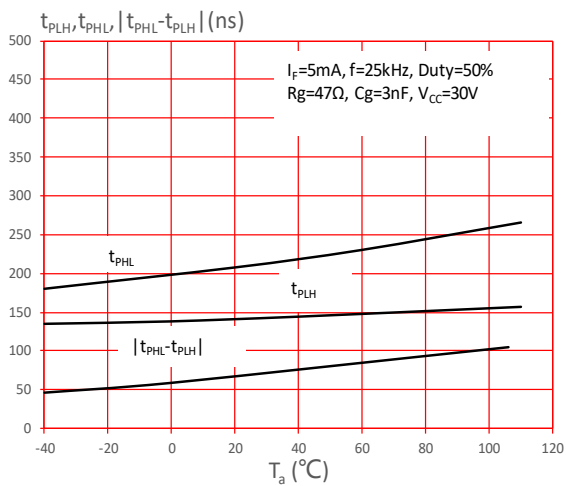


FIG.12: Propagation Delay Time, Pulse Width Distortion vs. Forward Current

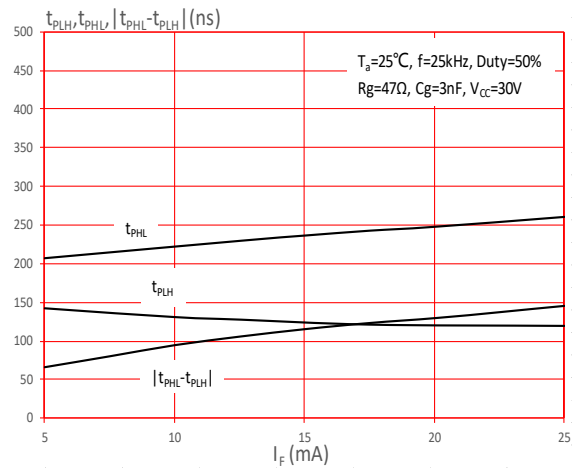
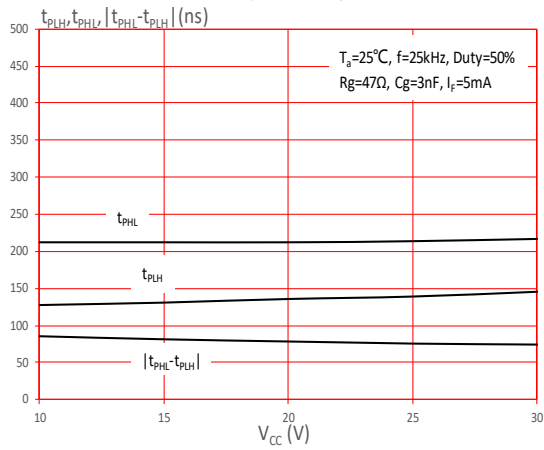


FIG.13: Propagation Delay Time, Pulse Width Distortion vs. Supply Voltage



Test Circuits

FIG.14: Switching Time Test Circuit and Waveform

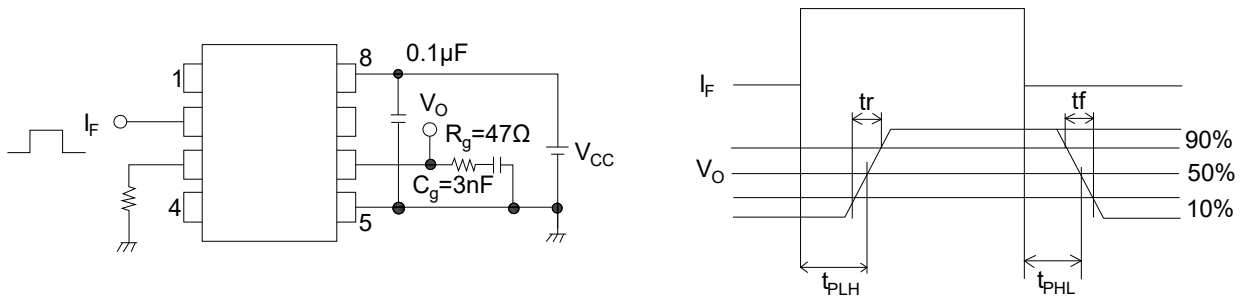
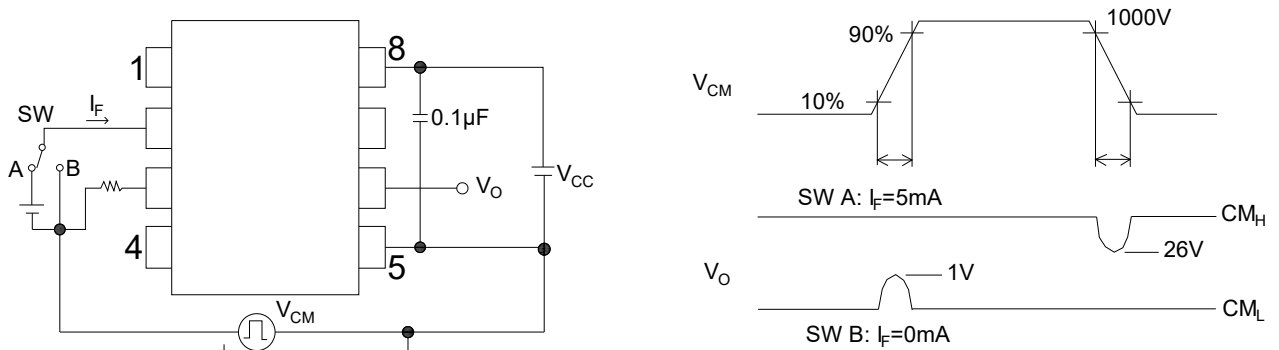
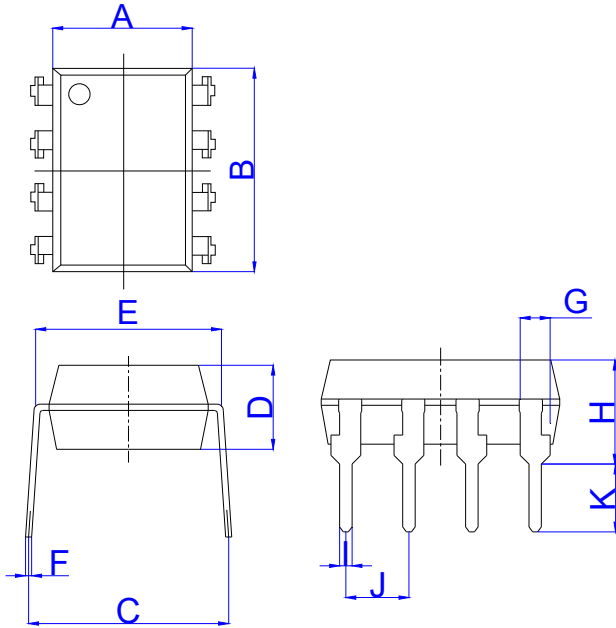


FIG.15: Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit and Waveform



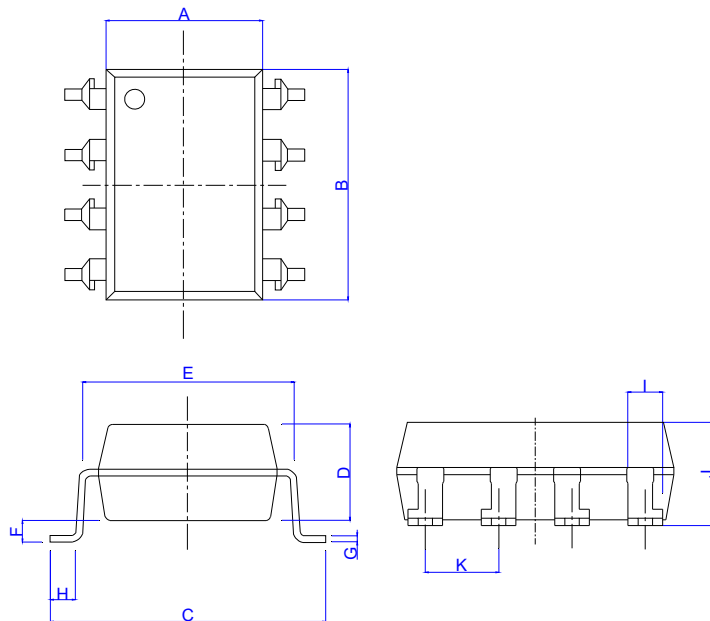
Package Dimension (Unit: mm)

Standard DIP Type:



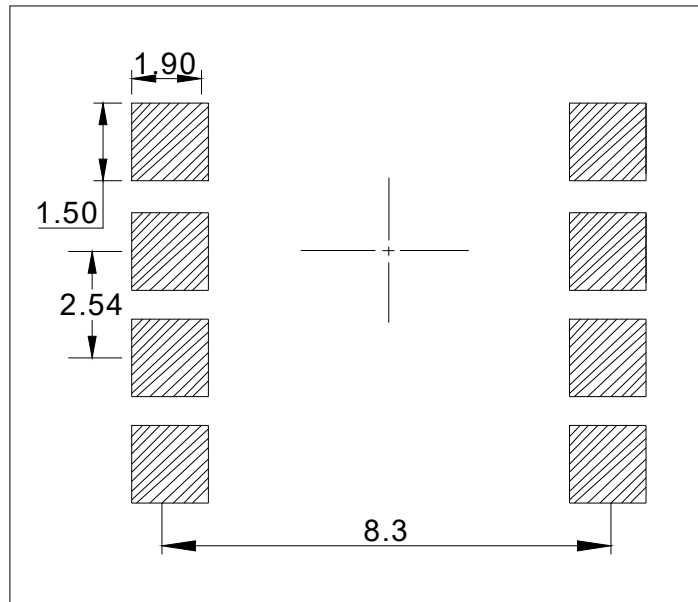
Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	6.20		6.60	0.244		0.260
B	9.40		9.80	0.370		0.386
C	7.15		8.95	0.281		0.352
D	3.20		3.60	0.126		0.142
E	7.32		7.92	0.288		0.312
F	0.15		0.35	0.006		0.014
G	0.90		1.50	0.035		0.059
H	3.90		4.50	0.154		0.177
I	0.40		0.60	0.016		0.024
J	2.29		2.79	0.090		0.110
K	2.24		3.24	0.088		0.128

Option SMD Type:



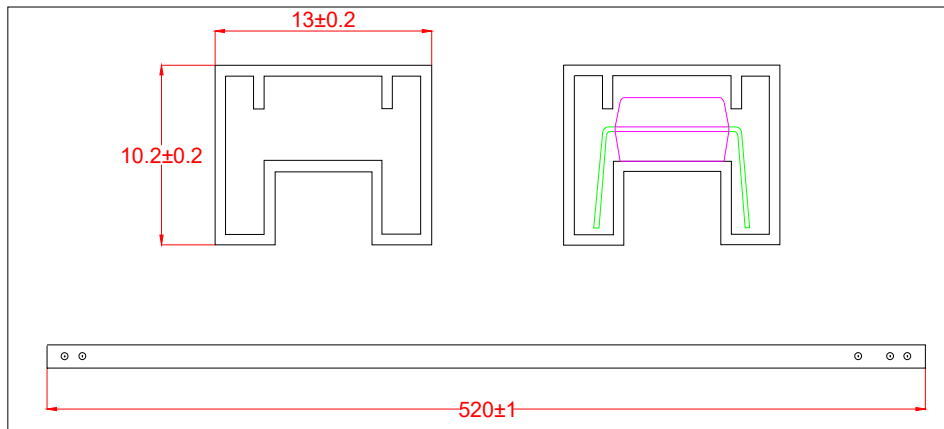
Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	6.20		6.60	0.244		0.260
B	9.40		9.80	0.370		0.386
C	9.50		10.50	0.374		0.413
D	3.20		3.60	0.126		0.142
E	7.32		7.92	0.288		0.312
F	0.05		0.35	0.002		0.014
G	0.16		0.36	0.006		0.014
H	0.60		1.40	0.024		0.055
I	0.90		1.50	0.035		0.059
J	3.30		3.90	0.130		0.154
K	2.29		2.79	0.090		0.110

RECOMMENDED SOLDER MASK (Dimensions in mm unless otherwise stated)



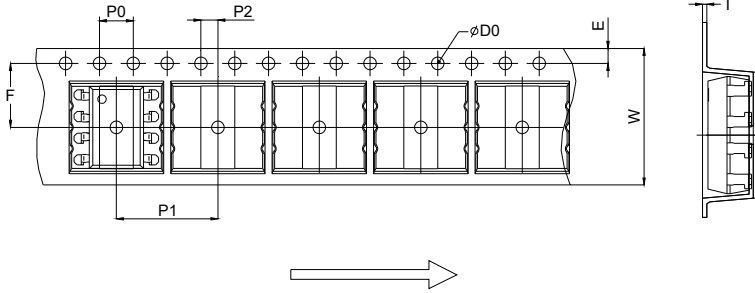
TUBE SPECIFICATIONS (Dimensions in mm unless otherwise stated)

Standard DIP



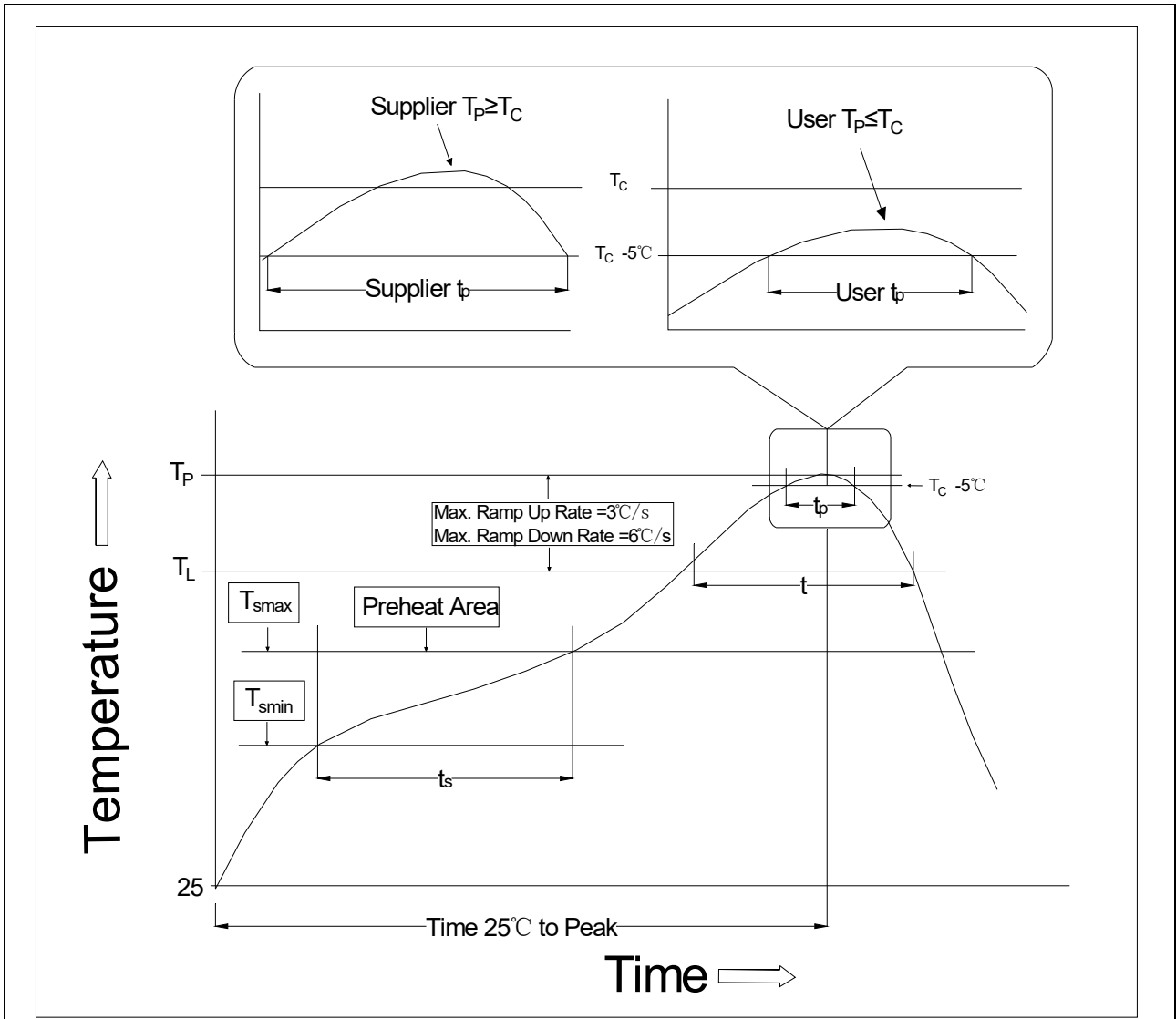
CARRIER TAPE SPECIFICATIONS (Dimensions in mm unless otherwise stated)

Option S/L



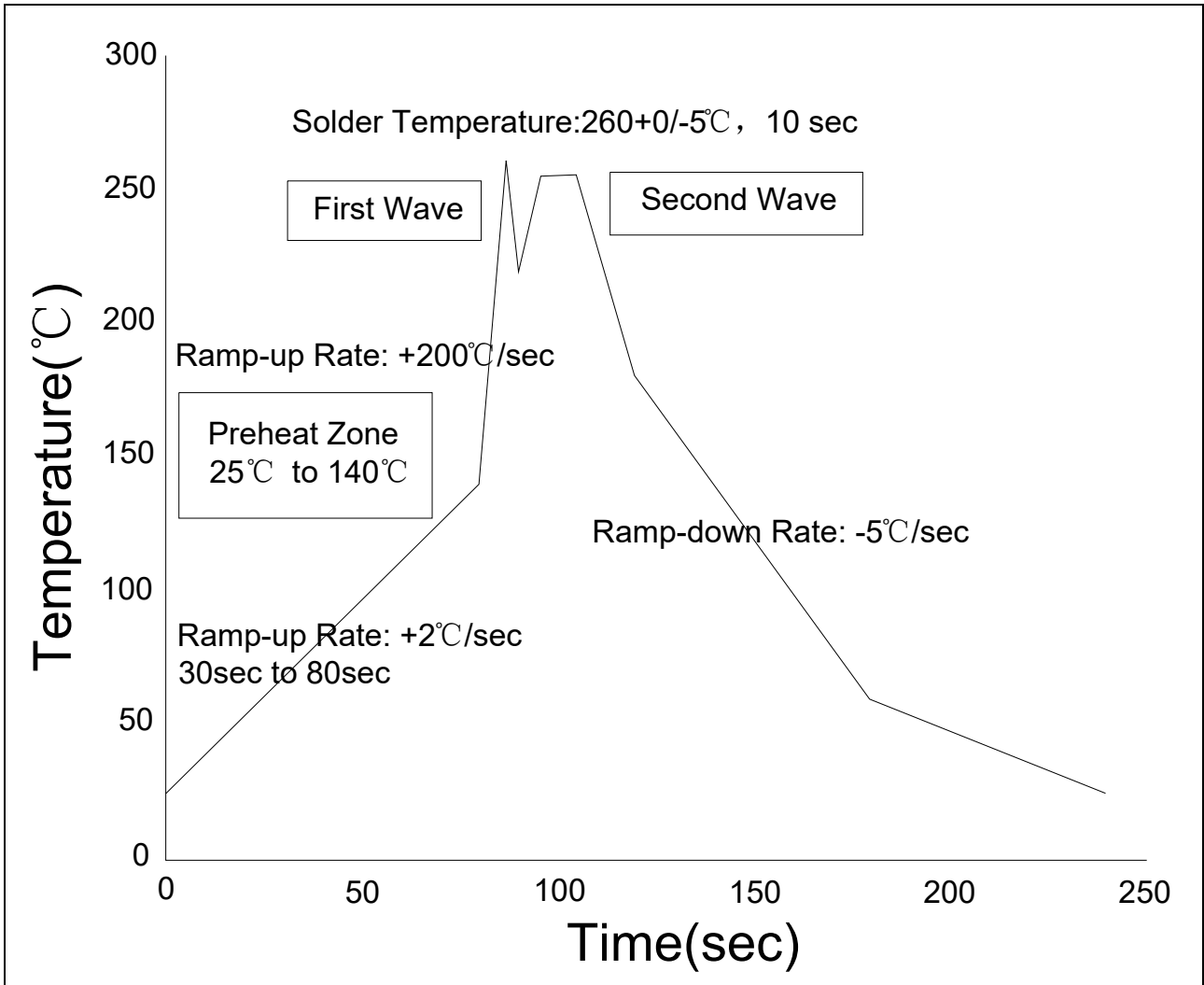
Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
D0		1.50	1.60		0.059	0.063
P0	3.90	4.00	4.10	0.154	0.157	0.161
P1	11.90	12.00	12.10	0.469	0.472	0.476
P2	1.90	2.00	2.10	0.075	0.079	0.083
E	1.65	1.75	1.85	0.065	0.069	0.073
F	7.40	7.50	7.60	0.291	0.295	0.299
T	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.014	0.016	0.018
W	15.90	16.00	16.20	0.626	0.630	0.638

REFLOW INFORMATION



Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Assembly Profile	Pb-Free Assembly Profile
Temperature Min. (T _{smin})	100	150°C
Temperature Max. (T _{smax})	150	200°C
Time (t _s) from (T _{smin} to T _{smax})	60-120 seconds	60-120 seconds
Ramp-up Rate (t _L to t _P)	3°C/second max.	3°C/second max.
Liquidus Temperature (T _L)	183°C	217°C
Time (t _L) Maintained Above (T _L)	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak Body Package Temperature	235°C+0°C/-5°C	260°C+0°C/-5°C
Time (t _P) within 5°C of 260°C	20 seconds	30 seconds
Ramp-down Rate (T _P to T _L)	6°C/second max.	6°C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.

WAVE SOLDERING



HAND SOLDERING BY SOLDERING IRON


Soldering Temperature	$360 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering Time	3s max.

Note:

1. Reflow soldering is recommended at the temperatures and times shown, no more than three times.
2. Avoid direct contact between the epoxy body and any tools or surfaces exceeding its maximum storage temperature.
3. Application of pressure on the epoxy body is prohibited at elevated temperatures. In specific scenarios, any applied force must not exceed 2.5N.
4. Ensure the component has cooled to ambient temperature before proceeding with any subsequent manufacturing steps.
5. The component has a shelf life of one year when stored under standard conditions.
6. Recommend storage Temp.: 0~40°C;
Recommend storage humidity: <60%;
MSL level: MSL 1

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